

## **Ivory**An early maturing Great Northern for Nebraska

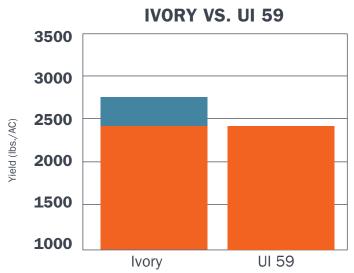


## **GREAT NORTHERN**

**Ivory** - An early maturing Great Northern for Nebraska

## **Profile:**

Ivory is an early, uniform maturing bean with a short vine and an open plant habit. It has the equivalent amount of vine as US 1140 (D76067). Ivory is an ideal variety to maximize yields on fertile soils where varieties with more vine may become too dense with foliage. The seed size averages 1,500 seeds/lb. which is approximately the same as "UI 59". Ivory is more uniform than "Harris" in vine type and maturity. In Nebraska field trials Ivory has shown to be approximately one week earlier than "Harris".



\*Data trials conducted in cooperation with Kelley Bean and the University of Nebraska.



DATA		
IVORY*		
81-86 days		
3B		
1,500 seeds/lb.		
IR: Ua, BCMV, PsP		

<sup>\*</sup>See reverse side for disease resistance abbreviation chart

For customers around the world, ADM draws on its resources—its people, products, and market perspective—to help them meet today's consumer demands and envision tomorrow's needs.







KEY TO RESISTANCE ABBREVIATIONS FOR BEANS	
Plant Type 1A	Bush determinate erect stem
Plant Type 2A	Erect growth indeterminate short runners
Plant Type 2B	Erect growth indeterminate with medium to long runners
Plant Type 3B	Prostrate vine indeterminate growth with long runners
BCMV	Bean common mosaic caused by the specified strains of Bean common mosaic virus
всту	Curly top caused by Beet curly top virus
BGYMV	Bean golden yellow mosaic caused by Bean golden yellow mosaic virus
CI	Anthracnose caused by Collectrichum lindemuthianum
Psp	Halo blight caused by Pseudomnas savastanoi pv. phaseolicola
Pss	Bacterial brown spot caused by Pseudomaonas syringae pv. syringae
Ua	Rust caused by the specified races of Uromyces appendiculatus
HR	<b>High Resistance:</b> describes plant varieties that highly restrict the growth and development of the specified pest or pathogen under normal pest or pathogen pressure when compared to susceptible varieties. Highly resistant varieties may, however, exhibit some symptoms or damage under heavy pest or pathogen pressure.
IR	Intermediate Resistance: describes plant varieties that restrict the growth and development of the specified pest or pathogen, but may exhibit a greater range of symptoms or damage compared to highly resistant varieties. Intermediately resistant varieties will still show less severe symptoms or damage than susceptible plant varieties when grown under similar environmental conditions and/or pest or pathogen pressure.

In cases where specific races or strains are not noted the variety is resistant to some, but not necessarily all known races or strains of the pathogen.

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